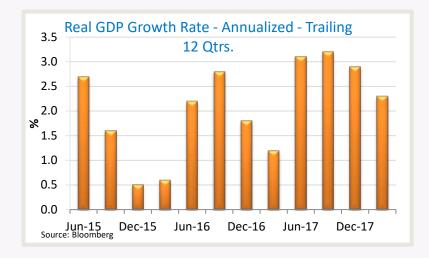


Weekly Review April 27, 2018

Chart of the Week



Weekly Highlights

- **10-year Treasury yield hit 3%.** The yield on the 10-year Treasury Note finally rose above 3%, the first time since January 2014, before falling back below 3% and ended the week essentially unchanged.
- 1st quarter (1Q) 2018 gross domestic product (GDP) grew
 2.3%. Although the 2.3% growth rate is lower than the growth rate of 2.9% for the 4th quarter of 2017, it is better than expected and higher than the growth rate of the first quarter of the previous three years (2015 2017).
- Earnings season is in full swing. Most companies have reported better-than-expected earnings results, especially technology companies.

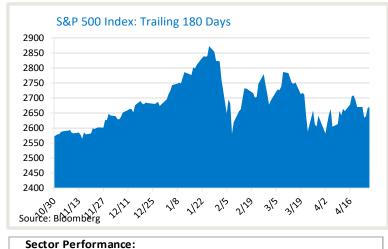
Talking Points

- Among equities, large caps outperformed small caps; value stocks led growth stocks; domestic stocks outperformed international stocks; and developed markets trailed emerging markets.
- The yield on the 10-year Treasury Note hit 3%. The yield on the 10-year Treasury Note finally hit 3%, the first time since January 2014.
- **Commodity indices slid.** Both crude oil and gold prices fell.
- Dollar jumped. The dollar rose sharply versus all major currencies, driven by higher bond yields.
- Among major economic data, 1Q/2018 GDP grew at a betterthan-expected annualized pace of 2.3%; home prices continued to surge, with S&P CoreLogic Case-Shiller 20-City Composite City Home Price NSA Index jumping 6.8% in February from a year ago; the job market remains strong, with jobless claims continuing to fall.

Market Dashboard

Last Price	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2,669.91	-0.23	-0.01%	-0.1%
24,311.19	-151.75	-0.62%	-1.7%
7,119.80	-26.33	-0.37%	3.1%
1,556.24	-7.89	-0.50%	1.3%
384.64	2.80	0.73%	-1.2%
3,082.23	10.69	0.35%	-6.8%
2,132.91	-12.88	-0.60%	-0.5%
	2,669.91 24,311.19 7,119.80 1,556.24 384.64 3,082.23	2,669.91 -0.23 24,311.19 -151.75 7,119.80 -26.33 1,556.24 -7.89 384.64 2.80 3,082.23 10.69	2,669.91-0.23-0.01%24,311.19-151.75-0.62%7,119.80-26.33-0.37%1,556.24-7.89-0.50%384.642.800.73%3,082.2310.690.35%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.



	% Wgt in S&P 500	Week % Chg.	YTD % Chg
Consumer Discretionary	12.9	1.09%	5.5%
Consumer Staples	7.3	0 .46%	-11.4%
Energy	6.2	0 .61%	21%
Financials	14.7	. 67%	- <mark>d</mark> .9%
Health Care	13.9	1.75%	11%
Industrials	9.9	<mark>-3</mark> .15%	<mark>-3</mark> .5%
Information Technology	24.7	-0 .60%	3.8%
Materials	2.9	<mark>-2</mark> .13%	<mark>-4</mark> .6%
Real Estate	2.7	2.55%	<mark>-6</mark> 1%
Telecom Services	1.9	1.50%	<mark>-8</mark> .3%
Utilities	2.9	2.79%	-20%

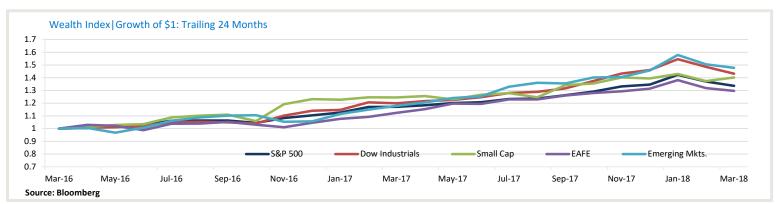
Source: Bloomberg



		One Week	ς		YTD	
	Value		Growth	Value		Growth
L	-0.03%	-0.07%	-0.10%	-2.56%	-0.06%	2.16%
	0.27%	-0.10%	-0.56%	-1.76%	-0.27%	1.65%
S	0.15%	-0.50%	-1.08%	-0.56%	1.35%	3.13%

Source: Bloomberg





The Economy and Markets

A Macro View – 10-Year Treasury Yield Hits 3% - Should We Worry?

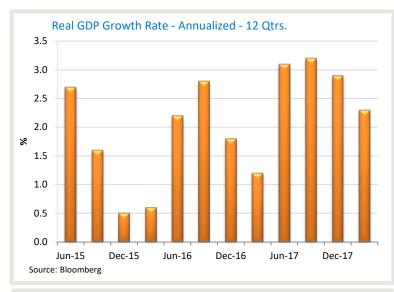
The yield on the 10-year Treasury Note crossed 3% this week for the first time since 2014, drawing much attention and causing stocks to sell off, but what does it really mean for investors? The 10-year yield is an important indicator for financial markets, as it influences borrowing costs for both consumers and corporations, affecting everything from mortgage rates to corporate debt. The rise in the benchmark yield typically signals expectations of rising interest rates and rising inflation, and also is generally indicative of economic growth.

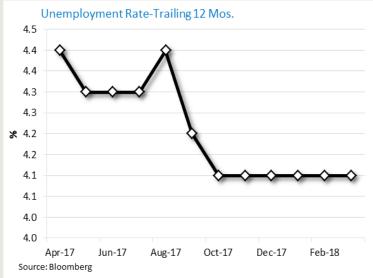
So why does the 10-year yield crossing 3% have people worried? The 3% threshold represents a psychological level of sorts for many investors, as they have become used to lower rates driven by years of quantitative easing. But now that it has reached 3%, many worry that it could trigger a negative reaction from financial markets. But is that fear justified?

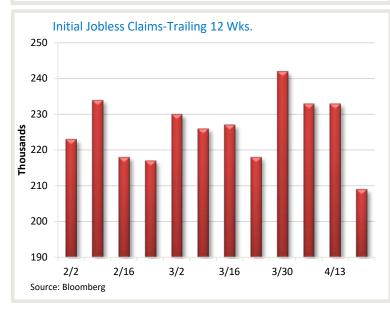
The yield on the 10-year Treasury Note is a key benchmark for long-term interest rates: When it rises, it costs more to borrow. This affects spending at both the corporate and consumer level and, ultimately, could have a negative impact on the equity markets. Lower rates are generally viewed as more favorable for the stock market. That's because higher rates mean less borrowing and less spending across the board. This often leads to lower earnings, resulting in decreased stock prices. Rising long-term yields also make equities look less attractive, as investors flock from riskier assets to the perceived safe haven of Treasurys.

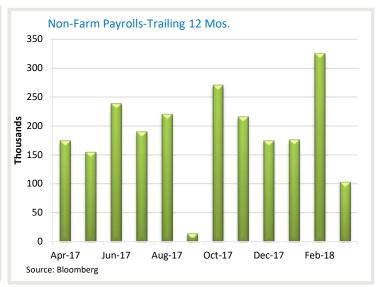
So when the yield rises, many investors worry that markets will fall. Although it's true we haven't seen the yield on the 10-year Treasury Note at these levels for a few years now, it's important to remember that even though 3% feels relatively high in the current environment, by historical standards, 3% is still quite low. Investors also should bear in mind that rates have been artificially depressed due to years of quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve, and that higher rates are to be expected. Rising Treasury yields still typically indicate a stronger economy, and history has shown that stock prices can still go up even when rates are rising. Eventually, rates will likely rise enough to affect the economy, but for now, strong economic underpinnings suggest that a recession is unlikely in the near term. Markets have since rebounded from the tumble they took on Tuesday, and the yield on the 10-year Treasury Note has dipped back below that 3% threshold since its initial crossing (though it may not stay there). For the time being, the economy continues to show signs of strength, and investors shouldn't panic about the 10-year Treasury Note crossing this psychological threshold.

Economic Data











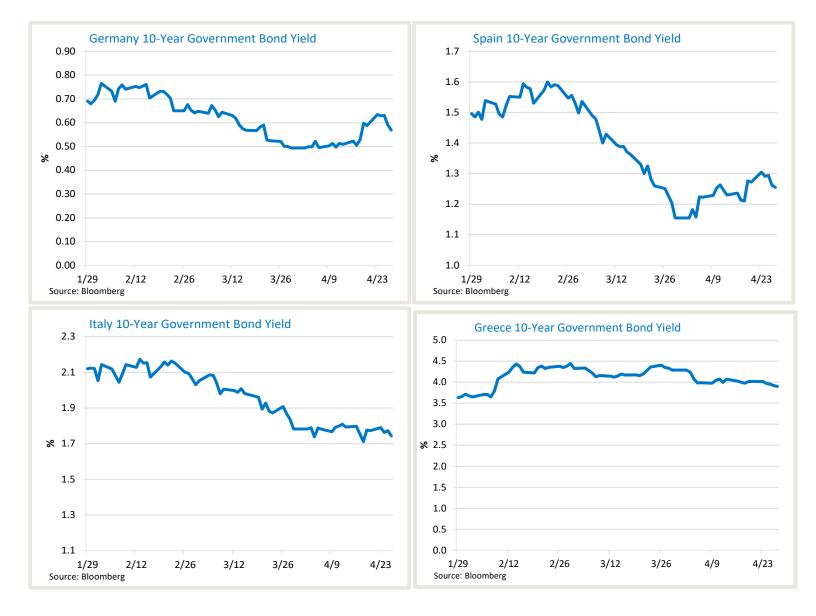




Eurozone

SELECTED EUROPEAN SOVEREIGN YIELD PERFORMANCE									
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %		Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Germany 10-Yr. Govt.	0.57	2 bps	NM	NM	France 10-Yr. Govt.	0.79	1 bps	NM	NM
Greece 10-Yr. Govt.	3.90	9 bps	NM	NM	Ireland 10-Yr. Govt.	0.97	1 bps	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr. Govt.	1.74	3 bps	NM	NM	Portugal 10-Yr. Govt.	1.63	0 bps	NM	NM
Spain 10-Yr. Govt.	1.25	2 bps	NM	NM	Netherlands 10-Yr. Govt.	0.70	2 bps	NM	NM
Belgium 10-Yr. Govt.	0.82	2 bps	NM	NM	U.K. 10-Yr. Govt.	1.44	3 bps	NM	NM
Source: Bloomberg									

Basis points (bps)



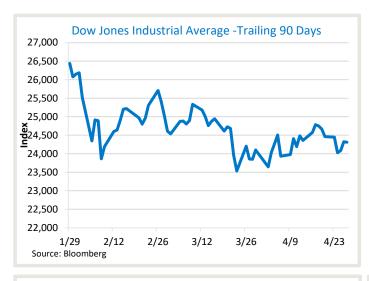
Equities

WORLD	MARKET	PERFORMANCE
VVOILD		

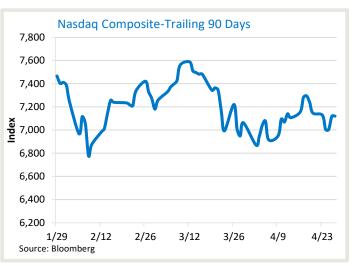
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
S&P 500	2,669.91	-0.23	-0.01%	-0.14%
Dow Industrials	24,311.19	-151.75	-0.62%	-1.65%
Nasdaq Composite	7,119.80	-26.33	-0.37%	3.13%
Russell Global	2,132.91	-12.88	-0.60%	-0.5%
Russell Global EM	3,601.54	-75.41	-2.05%	-1.1%
S&P/TSX (Canada)	15,668.93	184.61	1.19%	-3.33%
Mexico IPC	48,284.61	-146.97	-0.30%	-2.17%
Brazil Bovespa	86,444.66	894.56	1.05%	13.14%
Euro Stoxx 600	384.64	2.80	0.73%	-1.17%
FTSE 100	7,502.21	134.04	1.82%	-2.41%
IBEX 35 (Spain)	9,925.40	41.20	0.42%	-1.18%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Swiss Market Index	8,843.02	35.22	0.40%	-5.74%
CAC 40 Index (France)	5,483.19	70.36	1.30%	3.21%
DAX Index (Germany)	12,580.87	40.37	0.32%	-2.61%
Irish Overall Index	6,798.38	-29.34	-0.43%	-3.41%
Nikkei 225	22,467.87	305.63	1.38%	-1.30%
Hang Seng Index	30,280.67	-137.66	-0.45%	1.21%
Shanghai Composite	3,082.23	10.69	0.35%	-6.80%
Kospi Index (S. Korea)	2,492.40	16.07	0.65%	1.01%
Taiwan Taiex Index	10,553.43	-225.95	-2.10%	-0.84%
Tel Aviv 25 Index	1,466.89	-17.53	-1.18%	-2.84%
MOEX Index (Russia)	2,301.49	68.83	3.08%	9.09%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.









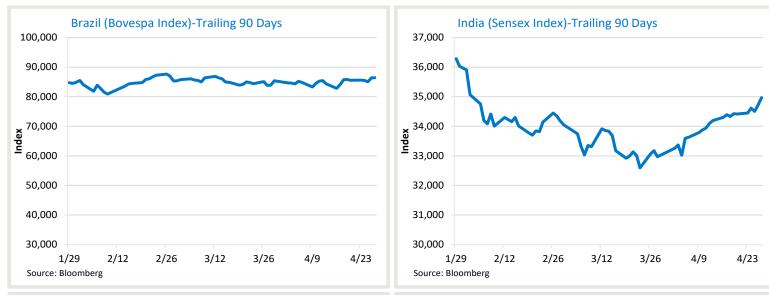
Equities – Emerging and Frontier Markets

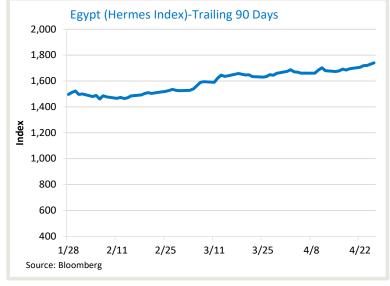
EMERGING AND FRONTIER MARKET PERFORMANCE

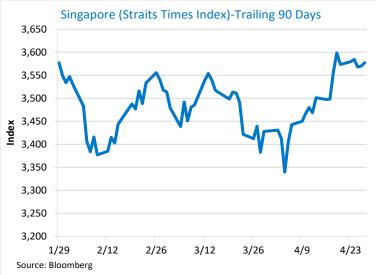
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Mexico IPC	48,284.61	-146.97	-0.3%	-2.2%
Brazil (Bovespa Index)	86,444.66	894.56	1.0%	13.1%
MOEX Index (Russia)	2,301.49	68.83	3.1%	9.1%
Czech Republic (Prague)	1,124.16	2.90	0.3%	4.3%
Turkey (Istanbul)	107,614.27	-3318.20	-3.0%	-6.7%
Egypt (Hermes Index)	1,740.60	45.16	2.7%	21.1%
Kenya (Nairobi 20 Index)	3,723.30	12.98	0.3%	0.3%
Saudi Arabia (TASI Index)	8,248.47	-28.67	-0.3%	14.1%
Lebanon (Beirut BLOM Index)	1,127.55	-9.98	-0.9%	-1.8%
Palestine	545.87	-4.53	-0.8%	-5.0%

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Hang Seng Index	30,280.67	-137.66	-0.5%	1.2%
India (Sensex 30)	34,969.70	554.12	1.6%	2.7%
Malaysia (KLCI Index)	1,863.47	-24.28	-1.3%	3.7%
Singapore (Straits Times Index)	3,577.21	3.83	0.1%	5.1%
Thailand (SET Index)	1,778.02	-23.26	-1.3%	1.4%
Indonesia (Jakarta)	5,919.24	-418.46	-6.6%	-6.9%
Pakistan (Karachi KSE 100)	45,542.78	283.44	0.6%	12.5%
Vietnam (Ho Chi Minh)	1,050.26	-44.37	-4.1%	6.7%
Sri Lanka (Colombo)	6,531.06	-9.91	-0.2%	2.5%
Cambodia (Laos)	922.02	-32.29	-3.4%	-7.6%

Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.



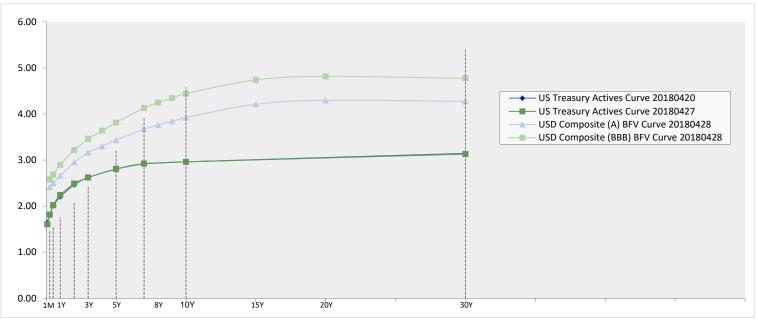




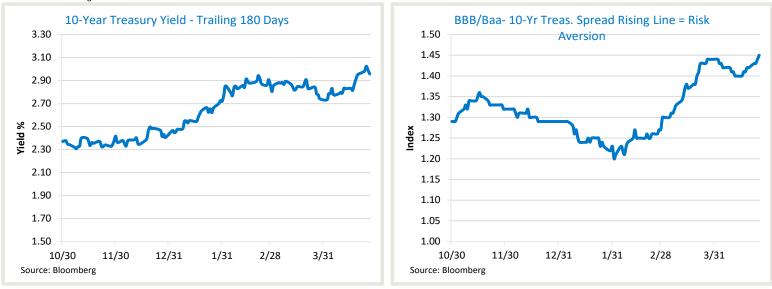
Interest Rates

SELECTED INTEREST RATES									
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %		Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
2-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.49%	0 bps	NM	NM	Prime Rate	4.75%	0.00	NM	NM
5-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.80%	1 bps	NM	NM	Fed Funds Rate	1.75%	0.00	NM	NM
10-Yr. U.S. Treasury	2.96%	1 bps	NM	NM	Discount Rate	2.25%	0.00	NM	NM
30-Yr. U.S. Treasury	3.13%	-2 bps	NM	NM	LIBOR (3 Mo.)	2.36%	0 bps	NM	NM
German 10-Yr. Govt.	0.57%	2 bps	NM	NM	Bond Buyer 40 Muni	4.01%	15 bps	NM	NM
France 10-Yr.	0.79%	1 bps	NM	NM	Bond Buyer 40 G.O.	3.97%	NA	NM	NM
Italy 10-Yr.	1.74%	3 bps	NM	NM	Bond Buyer 40 Rev.	4.46%	NA	NM	NM
Fed 5-Yr Fwd BE Inf.	2.15%	5 bps	NM	NM					
Courses Bloomborg									

Source: Bloomberg



Source: Bloomberg



Currencies

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %				
Dollar Index	91.52	1.211	1.34%	-0.65%	Chinese Yuan			
Euro	1.21	-0.016	-1.29%	1.04%	Swiss Franc			
Japanese Yen	109.07	1.410	-1.29%	3.32%	New Zealand Do			
British Pound	1.38	-0.022	-1.59%	1.96%	Brazilian Real			
Canadian Dollar	1.28	0.008	-0.60%	-2.08%	Mexican Peso			
Source: Bloomberg								

SELECTED CURRENCY PERFORMANCE

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
Chinese Yuan	6.33	0.036	-0.57%	2.75%
Swiss Franc	0.99	0.013	-1.32%	-1.35%
New Zealand Dollar	0.71	-0.012	-1.67%	-0.16%
Brazilian Real	3.46	0.051	-1.47%	-4.49%
Mexican Peso	18.63	0.084	-0.45%	5.61%

Source: Bloomberg

10/30

Source: Bloomberg

11/30

12/31

1/31

2/28

3/31



10/30

Source: Bloomberg

11/30

12/31

1/31

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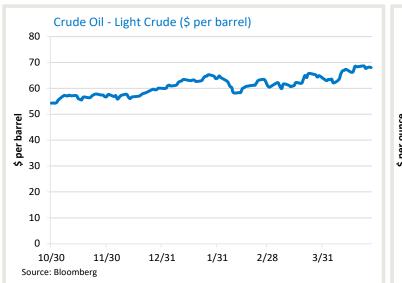
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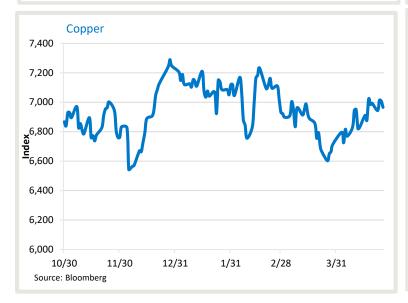
Commodities

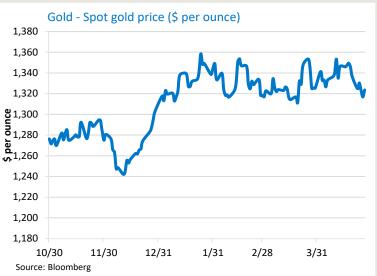
SELECTED COMMODITY MARKET PERFORMANCE													
	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %		Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %				
Bloomberg Comm. Idx.	89.38	-0.47	-0.52%	1.38%	Platinum Spot	\$915.44	-\$10.95	-1.18%	-1.37%				
Crude Oil	\$68.03	-\$0.36	-0.53%	13.29%	Corn	398.50	13.00	3.37%	8.51%				
Natural Gas	\$2.77	\$0.01	0.18%	-0.04%	Wheat	498.50	21.25	4.45%	9.98%				
Gasoline (\$/Gal.)	\$2.80	\$0.04	1.52%	12.59%	Soybeans	1,056.25	16.00	1.54%	7.42%				
Heating Oil	214.91	2.53	1.19%	7.79%	Sugar	11.52	-0.35	-2.95%	-23.40%				
Gold Spot	\$1,323.55	-\$12.81	-0.96%	1.59%	Orange Juice	153.85	10.80	7.55%	10.17%				
Silver Spot	\$16.52	-\$0.59	-3.45%	-2.41%	Aluminum	2,275.00	-194.00	-7.86%	0.31%				

Copper

Source: Bloomberg; % change is based on price.







6,965.00

-27.00

-0.39%

-3.89%

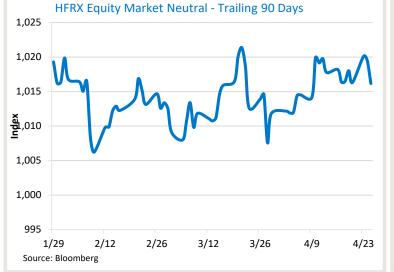


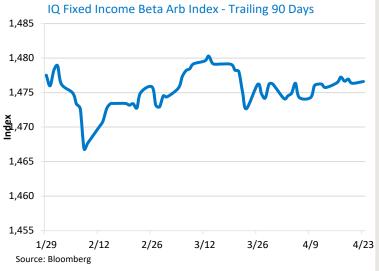
Alternative Investments

	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %	VESTMENT INDEX PERFORMANCE	Last	Change	% Chg.	YTD %
HFRX Global Hedge Fund Index	1266.21	-5.46	-0.43%	-0.74%	HFRX Distressed Index	1050.96	-1.08	-0.10%	-5.03%
HFRX Equity Market Neutral	1016.16	-0.15	-0.01%	1.17%	HFRX Merger Arbitrage Index	1804.56	-24.62	-1.35%	-2.61%
HFRX Equity Hedge Index	1283.38	-9.02	-0.70%	0.99%	HFRX Convertible Arbitrage Index	800.85	-0.68	-0.08%	0.58%
HFRX Event-Driven Index	1601.10	-2.95	-0.18%	-3.88%	HFRX Macro CTA Index	1143.87	-7.06	-0.61%	-1.72%
HFRX Absolute Return Index	1065.16	-6.19	-0.58%	0.18%	IQ Fixed Income Beta Arb Index	1478.33	1.98	0.13%	0.53%

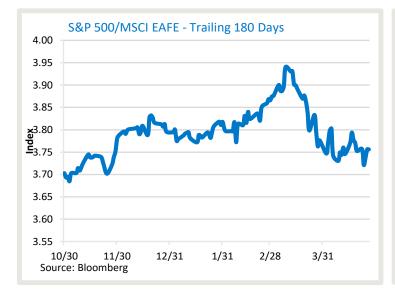
Source: Bloomberg; Index % change is based on price.

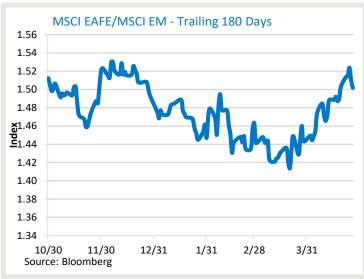




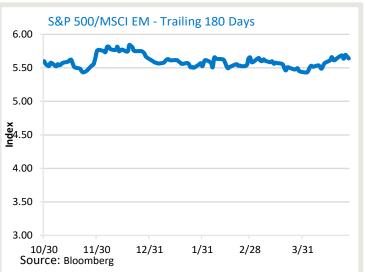


Portfolio Construction



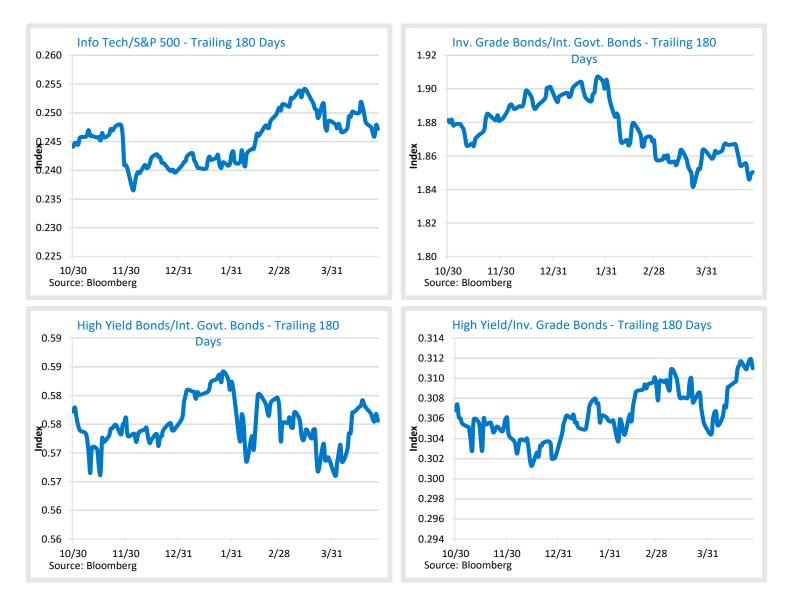








Portfolio Construction (continued)



Endowment Wealth Management Weekly Market Review-April 27-2018

			VVEEKL	Y ASSELC	LASS PERF	ORIVIANC	E (Prior 1	2 weeks	ending in	ursday)				
			2/8	2/15	2/22	3/1	3/8	3/15	3/22	3/29	4/5	4/12	4/19	4/26
	Domestic	Large Cap (R200)	-8.67%	5.89%	-0.96%	-0.89%	2.19%	0.29%	-4.06%	-0.22%	0.89%	0.19%	1.10%	-1.02%
Equity Equity Int'l. Equity	Small Cap (R2000)	-7.35%	5.01%	-0.47%	-1.48%	4.28%	0.30%	-2.08%	-0.94%	0.88%	0.93%	1.06%	-1.01%	
	MSCI EAFE	-6.11%	1.78%	-0.04%	-1.72%	0.71%	0.54%	-1.56%	-0.68%	0.60%	1.15%	1.32%	-1.35%	
	MSCI Em. Mkts.	-6.85%	3.40%	-0.14%	-0.72%	0.25%	1.76%	-1.60%	-2.29%	-0 24%	0.89%	0.62%	-3.36%	
Fixed	Income	BarCap Agg. (AGG)	-0.58%	-0.29%	-0.2 <mark>2</mark> %	0.25%	0.06%	0.18%	-0.14%	0.60%	-0 54%	0.09%	-0.45%	-0.41%
Tixed	Fixed Income	High Yield (JNK)	-1.70%	0.87%	-0.25%	-0.44%	0.22%	0.14%	-0.58%	0.39%	-0 14%	0.95%	-0.14%	-0.55%
Comm	nodities	Bloomberg Commodity Index	-3.18%	1.41%	0.49%	-0.52%	0.70%	0.31%	-0.25%	0.42%	-0 34%	2.20%	0.98%	-0.63%
Alternatives		Hedge Funds (HFRX Global)	-2.28%	1.06%	-0.27%	-1.28%	0.43%	0.01%	-0.46%	-0.65%	0.18%	0.27%	0.46%	-0.62%
Asset Allocation		60/40*	-4.88%	2.65%	-0.44%	-0.64%	1.20%	0.34%	-1.82%	-0.15%	0.24%	0.45%	0.50%	-0.95%
		48/32/20 (w/Alts.)**	-4.36%	2.33%	-0.40%	-0.77%	1.04%	0.27%	-1.55%	-0.25%	0.22%	0.41%	0.49%	-0.89%

WEEKLY ASSET CLASS PERFORMANCE (Prior 12 weeks ending Thursday)

Source: Bloomberg; *60/40 portfolio = 30% Large Cap/10% Small Cap/15% EAFE/5% Emerging Markets/35% BarCap Agg./5% High Yield. **48/32/20 portfolio = 24% Large Cap/8% Small Cap/12% EAFE/4% Emerging Markets/28% BarCap Agg./4% High Yield/20% HFRX Global Index.

RELATIVE STRENGTH MATRIX (BASED ON 30-DAY RSI)

	Large Cap Core	Large Cap Growth	Large Cap Value	Mid Cap Core	Mid Cap Growth	Mid Cap Value	Small Cap Core	Small Cap Growth	Small Cap Value	Int'l. Developed	Emerging Markets	REITs	Comm.	Int. Bond	High Yield
Large Cap Core	1.00	0.99	1.01	0.99	1.00	0.98	0.95	0.96	0.94	0.99	1.15	0.99	0.89	1.29	1.06
Large Cap Growth	1.01	1.00	1.02	1.00	1.01	0.98	0.96	0.97	0.95	1.00	1.15	1.00	0.89	1.30	1.06
Large Cap Value	0.99	0.98	1.00	0.98	0.99	0.96	0.94	0.95	0.93	0.98	1.13	0.98	0.88	1.28	1.04
Mid Cap Core	1.01	1.00	1.02	1.00	1.01	0.99	0.96	0.97	0.95	1.01	1.16	1.00	0.90	1.31	1.07
Mid Cap Growth	1.00	0.99	1.01	0.99	1.00	0.97	0.95	0.96	0.94	0.99	1.15	0.99	0.89	1.29	1.06
Mid Cap Value	1.03	1.02	1.04	1.01	1.03	1.00	0.98	0.99	0.96	1.02	1.18	1.01	0.91	1.33	1.08
Small Cap Core	1.05	1.04	1.06	1.04	1.05	1.02	1.00	1.01	0.99	1.04	1.20	1.04	0.93	1.36	1.11
Small Cap Growth	1.04	1.03	1.05	1.03	1.04	1.01	0.99	1.00	0.98	1.03	1.19	1.03	0.92	1.34	1.10
Small Cap Value	1.06	1.06	1.08	1.05	1.06	1.04	1.01	1.02	1.00	1.06	1.22	1.05	0.94	1.38	1.12
Int'l. Developed	1.01	1.00	1.02	0.99	1.01	0.98	0.96	0.97	0.95	1.00	1.15	1.00	0.89	1.30	1.06
Emerging Markets	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.86	0.87	0.85	0.83	0.84	0.82	0.87	1.00	0.86	0.77	1.13	0.92
REITs	1.01	1.00	1.02	1.00	1.01	0.99	0.96	0.97	0.95	1.00	1.16	1.00	0.89	1.31	1.07
Commodities	1.13	1.12	1.14	1.12	1.13	1.10	1.08	1.09	1.06	1.12	1.29	1.12	1.00	1.46	1.19
Int. Bond	0.77	0.77	0.78	0.76	0.77	0.75	0.74	0.74	0.73	0.77	0.89	0.77	0.68	1.00	0.82
High Yield	0.95	0.94	0.96	0.94	0.95	0.92	0.90	0.91	0.89	0.94	1.08	0.94	0.84	1.22	1.00

Source: Bloomberg

The Relative Strength Matrix provides an indication of how the various asset classes have performed relative to one another over the past 30 days. A number greater than 1.0 indicates that the asset class in the far left column has outperformed the corresponding asset class in the top row over the past 30 days. A number below 1.0 means the asset class on the left has underperformed the asset class at the top. The green shading indicates outperformance, and the red shading indicates underperformance.

Endowment Wealth Management Weekly Market Review-April 27-2018

INDEX OVERVIEW

The S&P 500 Index is an unmanaged index comprised of 500 widely held securities considered to be representative of the stock market in general. The S&P/Case-Shiller Home Price Indices measure the residential housing market, tracking changes in the value of the residential real estate market in 20 metropolitan regions across the United States. The Nasdaq Composite is a stock market index of the common stocks and similar securities listed on the NASDAQ stock market. The MSCI EAFE Index represents 21 developed markets outside of North America. The MSCI EAFE Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of growth stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI EAFE Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of value stocks of Europe, Australasia and the Far East. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization index that is designed to measure equity market performance in the global emerging markets. The MSCI Europe Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of stocks of developed European countries. The MSCI Pacific Index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to measure the equity market performance of the developed markets in the Pacific region. The Barclays US Credit Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of publicly issued, SEC-registered US corporate and specified foreign debentures and secured notes. The Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index is a market capitalization-weighted index of investment-grade, fixed-rate debt issues, including government, corporate, asset-backed, and mortgage-backed securities, with maturities of at least one year. The Barclays US Corporate High Yield Index covers the USD-denominated, non-investment grade, fixed-rate, taxable corporate bond market. Securities are classified as high-yield if the middle rating of Moody's, Fitch and S&P is Ba1/BB+/BB+ or below. The index may include emerging market debt. The Barclays Capital Municipal Bond Index is an unmanaged index comprised of investment-grade, fixed-rate municipal securities representative of the tax-exempt bond market in general. The Barclays US Treasury Total Return Index is an unmanaged index of public obligations of the US Treasury with a remaining maturity of one year or more. The Citigroup World Government Bond Index is a market capitalization weighted bond index consisting of the government bond markets of Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom and the United States. The DJ-UBS Commodity Index Total ReturnSM measures the collateralized returns from a basket of 19 commodity futures contracts representing the energy, precious metals, industrial metals, grains, softs and livestock sectors. The Russell 1000 Index is a market capitalization-weighted benchmark index made up of the 1000 largest U.S. companies in the Russell 3000 Index. The Russell 1000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap growth stocks. The Russell 1000 Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of large-cap value stocks. The Russell 2000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap growth stocks. The Russell 2000 Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of small-cap value stocks. The Russell 3000 Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of the US stock market. The Russell Midcap Index is a subset of the Russell 1000 Index. It includes approximately 800 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. The Russell Midcap Growth Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap growth stocks. The Russell Midcap Value Index is an unmanaged index considered representative of mid-cap value stocks. The HFRX Indices are a series of benchmarks of hedge fund industry performance which are engineered to achieve representative performance of a larger universe of hedge fund strategies. Hedge Fund Research, Inc. employs the HFRX Methodology (UCITS compliant), a proprietary and highly quantitative process by which hedge funds are selected as constituents for the HFRX Indices. The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index is an index based on surveys of more than 400 nonmanufacturing firms' purchasing and supply executives, within 60 sectors across the nation, by the Institute of Supply Management (ISM). The ISM Non-Manufacturing Index tracks economic data, like the ISM Non-Manufacturing Business Activity Index. A composite diffusion index is created based on the data from these surveys that monitors economic conditions of the nation. The ISM Manufacturing Index is an index based on surveys of more than 300 manufacturing firms by the Institute of Supply Management. The ISM Manufacturing Index monitors employment, production inventories, new orders and supplier deliveries. A composite diffusion index is created that monitors conditions in national manufacturing based on the data from these surveys. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) measures the change in the cost of a fixed basket of products and services. The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) rate is a measurement of the output of goods and services produced by labor and property located in the United States. Basis Point(s) is a unit that is equal to 1/100th of 1%, and is used to denote the change in a financial instrument. The basis point is commonly used for calculating changes in interest rates, equity indexes and the yield of a fixed-income security. The CBOE Volatility Index (VIX) is an up-to-the-minute market estimate of expected volatility that is calculated by using real-time S&P 500 Index option bid/ask quotes. The Index uses nearby and second nearby options with at least 8 days left to expiration and then weights them to yield a constant, 30-day measure of the expected volatility of the S&P 500 Index. The MSCI World ex-U.S. Index captures large and mid-cap representation across 22 of 23 Developed Markets DM countries*--excluding the United States. With 1,002 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in each country. (* DM countries include: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the UK.) The MSCI Japan Index - is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid-cap segments of the Japanese market. With 320 constituents, the index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in Japan. The Barclays Global Aggregate ex-U.S. Index - is a market capitalization-weighted index, meaning the securities in the index are weighted according to the market size of each bond type. Most U.S. traded investment grade bonds are represented. Municipal bonds, and Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities are excluded, due to tax treatment issues. The index includes Treasury securities, Government agency bonds, Mortgage-backed bonds, Corporate bonds, and a small amount of foreign bonds traded in U.S. The University of Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index (MCSI) is a survey of consumer confidence conducted by the University of Michigan. The Michigan Consumer Sentiment Index (MCSI) uses telephone surveys to gather information on consumer expectations regarding the overall economy. A separately managed account (SMA) is an individual managed investment account offered typically by a brokerage firm through one of their brokers or financial consultants and managed by independent investment management firms (often called money managers for short) and have varying fee structures. An open-end index fund continuously issues and redeems shares based on investor demand. As an index fund, its investment objective is to duplicate the performance of the index it uses as a benchmark. Investment Grade or Investment Grade Bond – The broad credit designation given to corporate and municipal bonds which have a high probability of being paid and minor, if any, speculative features. Bonds rated Baa and higher by Moody's Investor Services or BBB and higher by Standard & Poor's are deemed by those agencies to be "investment grade". Non-Investment Grade - By definition, junk bonds are non-investment grade. A bond rated lower than Baa/BBB, also called a "high-yield" bond. Junk bonds are speculative compared with investment grade bonds. Risk-On Risk-Off - An investment setting in which price behavior responds to, and is driven by, changes in investor risk tolerance. Risk-on risk-off refers to changes in investment activity in response to global economic patterns. During periods when risk is perceived as low, risk-on risk-off theory states that investors tend to engage in higher-risk investments. When risk is perceived as high, investors have the tendency to gravitate toward lower-risk investments.

Endowment Wealth Management Weekly Market Review-April 27-2018

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Investments in smaller companies carry greater risk than is customarily associated with larger companies for various reasons such as volatility of earnings and prospects, higher failure rates, and limited markets, product lines or financial resources. Investing overseas involves special risks, including the volatility of currency exchange rates and, in some cases, limited geographic focus, political and economic instability, and relatively illiquid markets. Income (bond) securities are subject to interest rate risk, which is the risk that debt securities in a portfolio will decline in value because of increases in market interest rates. Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) are subject to risks similar to those of stocks, such as market risk. Investing in ETFs may bear indirect fees and expenses charged by ETFs in addition to its direct fees and expenses, as well as indirectly bearing the principal risks of those ETFs. ETFs may trade at a discount to their net asset value and are subject to the market fluctuations of their underlying investments. Investing in commodities can be volatile and can suffer from periods of prolonged decline in value and may not be suitable for all investors. Index Performance is presented for illustrative purposes only and does not represent the performance of any specific investment product or portfolio. An investment cannot be made directly into an index.

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